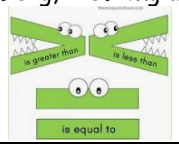
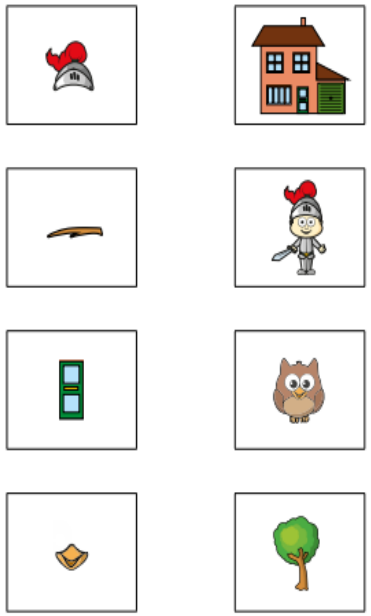
Year 2 Home Learning Grid – W/B 27th April and 4th May.

<table>
<tr>
<td>Maths - Fractions
Go to:
https://whiterosemaths.com/homelearning/year-2/
Go to Week 1, Lesson 1 and watch the video. Then complete Maths 1:
https://wrm-13b48.kxcdn.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/homelearning/year-2/Y2-Spring-Block-4-WO1-Make-equal-parts-2019.pdf</td>
<td>Maths – Multiplication Tables
Say your 2x, 5x, 10x tables. Time yourself saying them and record the time.
Do this every day – are you getting quicker?</td>
<td>Maths - Statistics
Find a book. Turn to a page which has quite a bit of writing / text on. Make a tally chart of all of the vowels that appear.
<table>
<tr><th>Vowel</th><th>Tally</th><th>Total</th></tr>
<tr><td>A</td><td></td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>E</td><td></td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>I</td><td></td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>O</td><td></td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>U</td><td></td><td></td></tr>
</table>
</td>
<td>Maths – Position and Direction
See Sheet below.
Look at the grid. Answer these questions in your books.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td rowspan="2">Maths - Measurement
Take 5 different tins from your cupboard. Look at how much they weigh. Can you order them from smallest to largest?
Draw a picture in your book to show your cans and their weights in order.</td>
<td rowspan="2">Maths – Measurement.
< Less than, > More than, = Equal to.
Write the correct symbol between the weights, for example, 230g > 220g
1. 120g and 320g, 2. 652g and 345g
3. 453g and 723g, 4. 5kg and 7kg
5. 332g and 50g, 6. 890g and 777g
7. 8 ½ kg and 8kg, 8. 425g and 321g
9. 902g and 901g, 10. 4kg and 865g
 
</td>
<td colspan="2">Maths – Measurement.
Capacity is how much a container can hold. There are two types of capacity measurement: customary, which refers to gallons, quarts, pints, cups, tablespoons, and teaspoons; and metric, of which the most popular units are litre and millilitre. The bigger the container, the more capacity it has.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maths - Measurement
Take 5 different cups or beakers from your cupboards. Fill each one with water. Empty each one, one at a time, into a jug. Write down their measurements.
Now write them in order from largest capacity to smallest capacity in millilitres (ml). Were you surprised? Were there any that had the same volume?</td>
<td>Maths – Measurement
Find 5 bottles of liquid – squash, shampoo, bubble bath, etc…
Can you sort them into two groups – more than 1 litre, less than one litre?
Show this work in your book by either drawing your results or creating a table.
<table>
<tr><th>More than 1 litre</th><th>Less than 1 litre</th></tr>
</table>
</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maths – Addition
Can you complete the number sentences below by working out the missing numbers? Have a go!</td>
<td>Maths –Place Value
Recall the multiples of 10 below and above any given 2 digit number, e.g. say that for 67 the multiples are 60 and 70.
Do the same for the following numbers in your books:
1. 45, 2. 31, 3. 76, 4. 28, 5. 17,
6. 86, 7. 56, 8. 62, 9. 94, 10. 123.</td>
<td>Maths
Recall doubles and halves to 20 e.g. knowing that double 2 is 4, double 5 is 10 and half of 18 is 9. In your books write the numbers 1-20 down the middle of your page. Write its half on the left and its double on the right.
<table>
<tr><th>Half</th><th>Number</th><th>Double</th></tr>
</table>
Do all the numbers have halves?</td>
<td>Maths - Subtraction
Complete the ‘subtraction using a number line’ sheet below.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English
Read ‘At the Beach.’
https://readon.myon.co.uk/reader/index.html?a=uk_rr_abea_f04
Can you list all the things they do at the beach?</td>
<td>English
Look at Image 3. Answer the questions in your book (In full sentences).</td>
<td>English
Look at Image 3. What had happened before this picture? Why is the flying creature having to wash the other character’s feet? What’s the story? Write a story about what had happened just before the picture.</td>
<td>Music
https://www.outoftheark.co.uk/ootam-at-home/
Friendship songs
Find Week 1, Tuesday, the song, ‘Together.’ Practice the singing the song.
Can you think of some actions to go with the verbs in each verse (play, work, sing, move)?</td>
</tr>
</table>

Maths 1

Make equal parts

1 Match the part to the whole.



2 Complete the sentences.

a)

There are ☐ equal parts.

b)

There are ☐ equal parts.

3 Complete the sentences.

a)

There are ☐ equal groups.

Each group has ☐ cakes.

b)

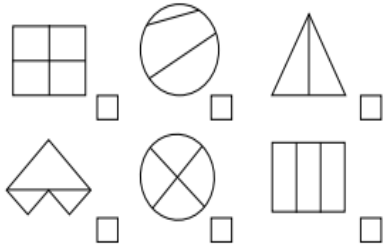
There are ☐ equal groups.

Each group has ☐ child.

4 Tick the pizza that has been split into equal parts.

5 How do you know the loaf of bread is not in equal parts?

6 Tick the shapes that show equal parts.



7 Take 12 counters.

a) Show that you can make 2 equal groups.

b) Show that you cannot make 5 equal groups.

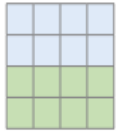
What other equal groups can you make?

8 Draw lines to split the shapes.

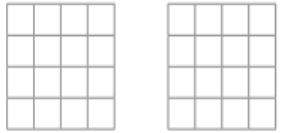
a) Split each shape into 2 equal parts.

b) Split each shape into 2 parts that are not equal.

9 Here is one way to colour the square to show equal parts.



Find two more ways to colour the square to show equal parts.



The Journey to Cursive: Handwriting Pangrams

A pangram is a sentence that contains every letter of the alphabet at least once.

Read each pangram carefully, trace it three times and then write it independently in your neatest, joined style three times.

The five boxing wizards jumped quickly.

The five boxing wizards jumped quickly.

The five boxing wizards jumped quickly.

The five boxing wizards jumped quickly.

Image 3

What can you see? Can you describe what's going on? What is the flying creature doing? What else is happening? Remember to use adjectives to describe.

Write the sentences in your book.

Subtraction within 20 on a Number Line

11 - 5 = 6

10 - 7 = ☐

8 - 4 = ☐

9 - 5 = ☐

13 - 2 = ☐

7 - 4 = ☐

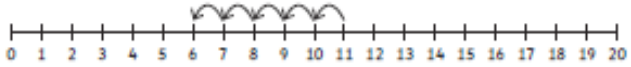
19 - 8 = ☐

20 - 1 = ☐

14 - 3 = ☐

16 - 3 = ☐

12 - 6 = ☐



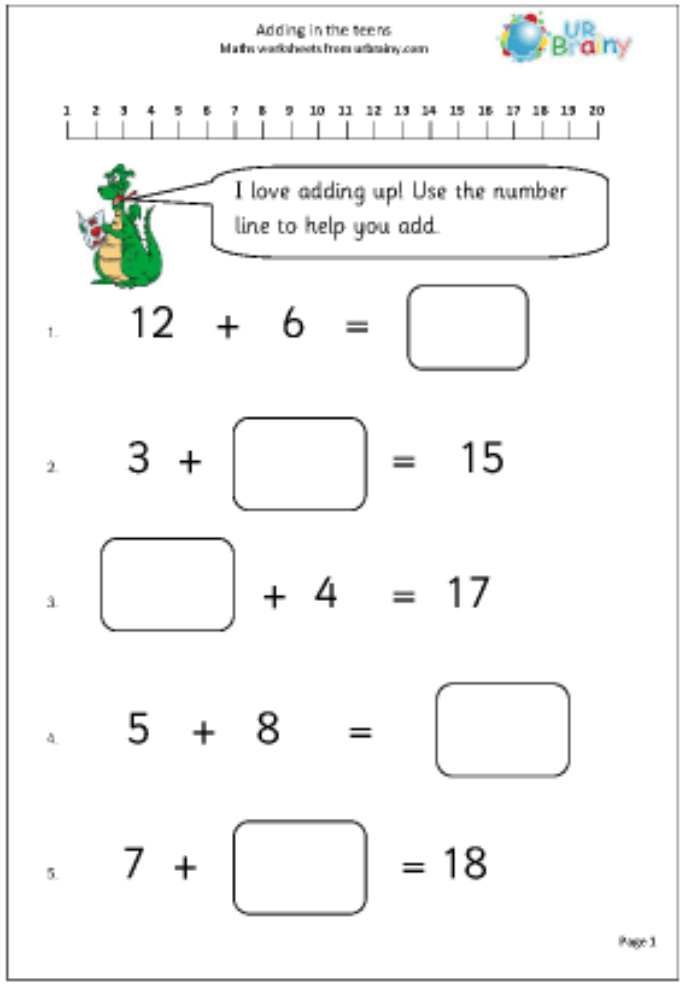
Compass Directions

		bakery 			mosque 	
church 		park 		hospital 		
	taxi rank 		postbox 			cafe 
fire station 		toy shop 		airport 		
	school 		vet 		pool 	
theme park 		police station 				beach 
bus stop 		dentist 	Start		supermarket 	

Compass directions: the town

1. From the start, go north 4 squares. Where are you now?
2. Go east 3 squares. Where are you now?
3. Go south 3 squares. Where are you now?
4. Go west 6 squares. Where are you now?
5. Go east 2 squares. Where are you now?
6. Start at the school. How do you get to the taxi rank?
7. Give directions from the dentist to the toy shop.

Maths - Addition



Adding in the teens

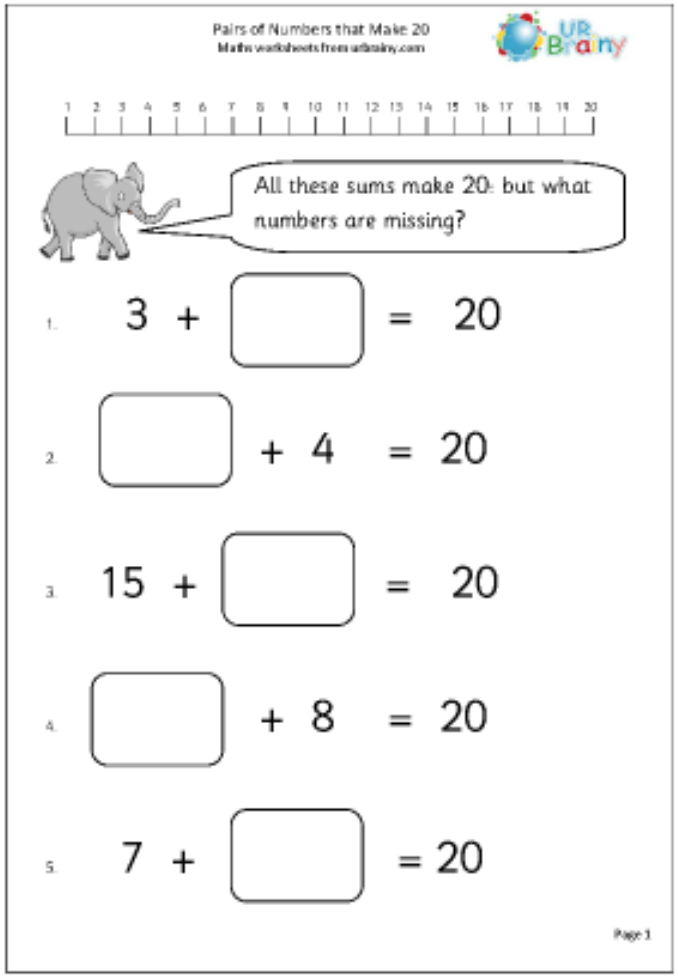
Maths worksheets from urbrainy.com

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

I love adding up! Use the number line to help you add.

1. 12 + 6 = ☐
2. 3 + ☐ = 15
3. ☐ + 4 = 17
4. 5 + 8 = ☐
5. 7 + ☐ = 18

Page 1



Pairs of Numbers that Make 20

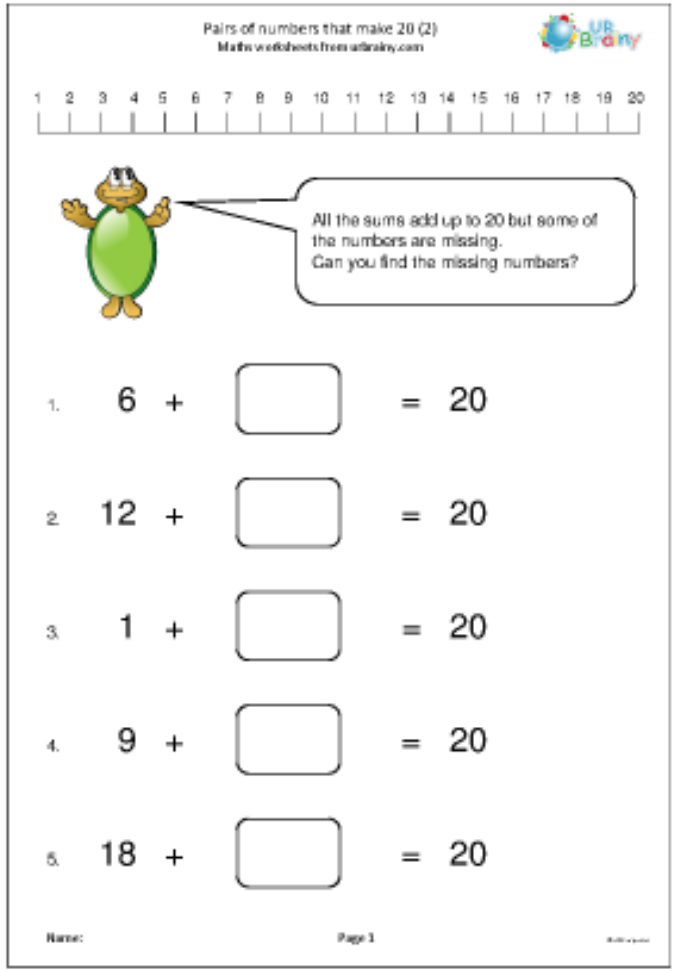
Maths worksheets from urbrainy.com

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

All these sums make 20- but what numbers are missing?

1. 3 + ☐ = 20
2. ☐ + 4 = 20
3. 15 + ☐ = 20
4. ☐ + 8 = 20
5. 7 + ☐ = 20

Page 1



Pairs of numbers that make 20 (2)

Maths worksheets from urbrainy.com

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

All the sums add up to 20 but some of the numbers are missing.
Can you find the missing numbers?

1. 6 + ☐ = 20
2. 12 + ☐ = 20
3. 1 + ☐ = 20
4. 9 + ☐ = 20
5. 18 + ☐ = 20

Name:

Page 1