Whitnash Primary School

Learning, growing and succeeding together



Year 2 - Home Learning Menu Spring 1

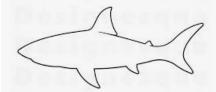
Reading Comprehension

Read the information text about Sharks (see below)

- Read alone once.
- Then read it with an adult
- Discuss any tricky words and any parts you don't understand.
- Look at the headings and subheadings
- Discuss what each part is telling you.

Challenge: Can you answer the Comprehension questions attached?

Sharks - interpreting information



Draw an outline of a shark. Using the information text attached

- Inside write everything you know about what they eat,
 their teeth, their hearing and sense of smell
- On the outside write all you know about where they live and what they look like.

Challenge: Is there anything else you want to know about Sharks? Can you find it out and add it?

Spelling

Copy and complete this table. Firstly, fill in as many animals as you can think of in the first column. Check spellings with dictionary/internet.

Singular	Plural
Fox	Foxes
Dog	Dogs
Lion	

Then fill in the second colum with the correct word if there is more than one of them, e.g. one dog two dogs

Remember If it ends in ch, sh, ss,s x or z you use 'es' otherwise you add an s.

Challenge: Can you find any irregular ones where you do not add s or es (like sheep)

Retelling text

Re-read the text about sharks. Choose one fact from each section that interests you.

For each fact draw a picture of what you have learnt.

Then make up some actions to go with that picture. Keep repeating the sentence and the actions out loud until you have remembered them

Challenge: See if you can tell them to 3 different people on the phone, or video call, or over the garden fence!

Capital letters

Proper Nouns are names of people (like Jenny), places (like Whitnash), landmarks (Like Jephson Gardens/Whitnash Primary School), days of the week, months, events/festivals (like Christmas) and company names (like Adidas) that all need a capital letter.

Look around your home for words that

begin with a capital letter and make a

Information Text Research

What animal do you think is the most interesting? Using the internet/books to find out more about an animal of your choice. Find out about these things.

Where do they live?

What do they eat?

What are they good at?

Any interesting facts

Record everything you find out in

Information text fact review

Using what you have found out about your interesting animal make a true or false quiz to test your family and friends.

Come up with 10 sentences about your animal e.g. There are 100 species of shark. Some need to be true and some must be false. Test your family.

Information Text Write

Using the information you have found out write an information text about the most interesting animal.

Use these headings
Where do they live?
What do they eat?
What are they good at?
Interesting Fact

Try to write in full sentences using

long list of them. Look out for them while anyway you choose, make a video of capital letters and full stops. Use looking on the computer, in books, on food facts, record your voice talking, or your best cursive handwriting and You can write it, or do it on a wrappers, road signs, text messages, draw some pictures of what you find phonics to sound out new words. power point on the computer, or you can read it to them. emails, letters, cards etc. out. Challenge: Can you find anywhere there Challenge: Add an extra section of Challenge: make a score board Challenge: Can you include a and a tie breaker question in should be one but it has been missed? sentence with an exclamation your choice. case people get the same mark? (e.g. What incredible teeth number. they have!) **English Enalish Enalish Enalish** Adjectives Spelling Reading Readina Read a non-fiction book and write a Draw a story map for your 1. Choose an appropriate TV program Write a short story that includes as many common exception words as favourite story. Decide on actions or film review using the template 2 Watch 10 minutes and Write down possible (see attached). and re-tell the story to someone at attached as many describing words to Check your spellings with an adult. Challenge yourself to read a new home. describe the main character as book possible **Practice:** Go over your mistakes the Challenge: Can you innovate your 3. Think of an accurate adverb for Challenge: Use a dictionary or the story by changing a character or next day - can your get them right? internet to research the meaning each action the setting? Challenge: Can you include more of any unknown words that you Example BFG Big, kind, friendly, hairy, clumsy, than ten common exception words? find unique, extraordinary Practice: pick a different character and try again Challenge: Write a description of the main character using all your great describing words **Enalish Enalish English English** Narrative Instructions Narrative Narrative Think about what your perfect birthday Design and make a birthday card. Imagine you are Neil Armstrong. Who is this character? Write a Write instructions for an alien to Write a letter home describing party would be, character profile to describe who Write an invitation to invite your friends tell them how to make a birthday you think this monster is. what life is like on the moon. What to your party. Remember to include: date card. Remember to include adjectives can you see? What have you eaten? and time, what you will eat, what you How do you feel? Remember to write in full sentences for description. play/activities, what to wear. Challenge: Write a thank you letter, Challenge: Include bossy verbs! Challenge: Include a variety of thanking someone for the best present sentence types.

that you have recieved.

Maths - Doubling numbers



Start on an **even** number and keep doubling it until it gets too hard.
What do you notice about all the numbers? Are they **odd** or **even**?
Now repeat starting on an odd number what do you notice?

Challenge - Can you try to explain why this happens?

Maths - Times Tables

Go on to Times table Rockstars https://ttrockstars.com/ and select a 'Garage' game to play. Your teacher has set these as the ones you need to practice. Each time seeif you can:

- Get more correct
- Earn more coins
- Answer in a quicker

time

Challenge - Try a Studio game Can you improve your 'Rock Status'?

Maths - Times tables

Write out the times table you need to practice next (you need to know your 2,5,10 and 3 by then end of Year 2). Give them to another person. Get them to test you on them when you are out for a walk, in the car, in the bath etc.

Challenge - Can you get so fast they don't need to test you anymore?

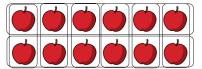
Maths - Times table

Pairs/Snap cards

Copy the questions for the 2 times table onto cards. Then copy the answers onto another set of cards. Put them face down on a table and play a game of pairs with someone—who can be the first to find all the matching answers? You can also use these to play Snap!

Challenge - Repeat for another times table you need to practice.

Maths - Arrays



Look at this array

What 2 adding number sentences does it show? What 2 multiplication number sentences does it show?

How many different arrays can you draw with 12 apples arranged in equal groups? Can you write the number sentences they show?

Challenge - How many different arrays can you draw with 24 apples arranged in equal groups?

Maths True or False

When an odd number is multiplied by 5, the answer is odd.

When an even number is multiplied by 5, the answer is even.

Investig

ate and show what you found out.

Challenge - What about if they are multiplied by 10?

Maths - Equal number sentences

These are all equal number sentences (both sides have the same answer)

 $3 \times 5 = 5 \times 3$

 $4 \times 2 = 4 + 4$

 $3 + 3 + 3 = 5 \times 3$

 $2 + 2 = 1 \times 4$

Can you create a list of 10 equal number sentences using ONLY adding and multiplication?

Challenge - Can you think of 3 equal number sentences e.g.

 $3 \times 2 = 2 + 2 + 2 = 3 + 3$

Maths - Applying times tables Use your 2,5, and 10 times table to help you answer these

How many...

- 2ps in 20p
- 2ps in 40p
- 5ps in 50p
- 5ps in 100p (£1)
- 10ps in 50p
- 10ps in 100p (£1)
- 10ps in 200p (£2)

Challenge - How many different ways can you make £1 using just 2.5 and 10p coins?

Maths - Data handling

Create a tally chart and record the different coloured cars that go past your house.

Challenge: Create a block graph or a bar chart to show your results.

Maths - Number

Create a poster to show what 'equal' means.

Challenge: Can you also show the meaning of 'unequal?'

Maths - Money

Set up a shop at home. Choose 5 different items and label how much they cost (up to £2 per item).

Order the items from the cheapest to the most expensive.

Maths - Fractions

Count out 24 items. Can you split the items in half into two equal groups?

Challenge: Can you split the items into quarters?
Can you split the items into thirds?

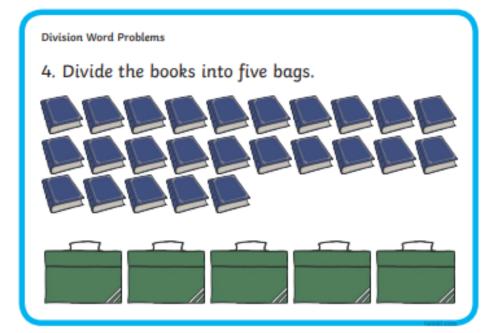
		Challenge: Can you play a shopping game with someone at home using real money?		
Maths – Divison	Maths - Division	Maths – Multiplication	Maths – Multiplication	
Have a tea party for 3 people/teddies. Get a selection of food/household items and share them equal between 3 plates.	Complete the division word problems attached. Use items around the house (marbles, coins etc.)	Complete the multiplication word problems attached. Use items around the house (marbles, coins etc.)	Practice your times tables by making and then drawing an array. Use items around the house (lego etc.) to create an array and record	
Challenge: Increase the amount of people	Practice: Write the division number		the number sentence.	
and the amount of items that you are	sentences for the 2 x tables e.g	Practice: Counting in 2s, 3s, 5s and		
sharing. Remember: Groups must be equal!	2 ÷ 1 = 1	10s.	e.g 2 x 5 = 10 Challenge: Can you record the inverse number sentence?	

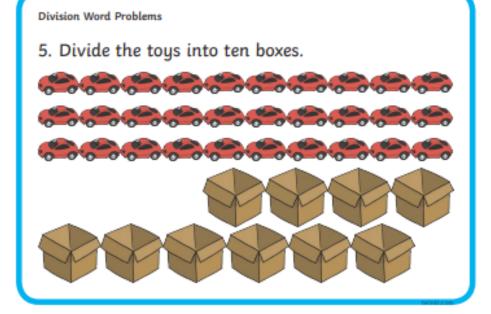
A Book Review

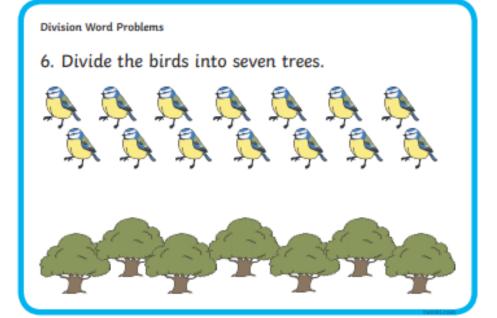
Title:	_ Author:
Plot What happens? Did you find the plot interesting? Are there any plot twists?	Characters Who are the main characters? Who was your favourite character? Why?
Your opinion Did you like the book? What was your favourite part? Why?	Recommend Would you recommend this book to a friend? Why or why not?

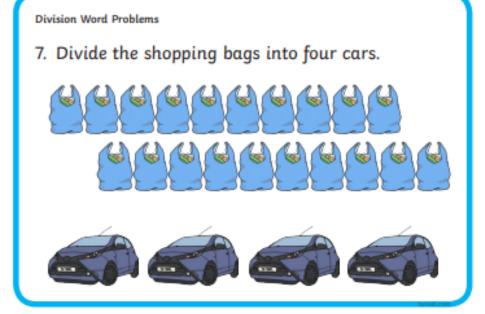
Year 2 - Common Exception Words

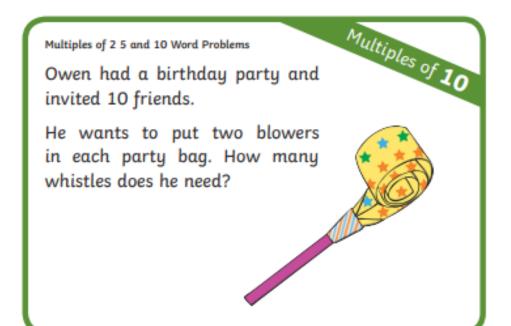
door	floor	poor	because	find	kind	mind
behind	child	children	wild	climb	most	only
both	old	gold	cold	hold	told	every
everybody	even	great	break	steak	pretty	beautiful
after	fast	last	past	father	class	grass
pass	plant	path	bath	hour	move	prove
improve	sure	sugar	eye	could	should	would
who	whole	any	many	clothes	busy	people
water	again	half	money	Mr	Mrs	parents

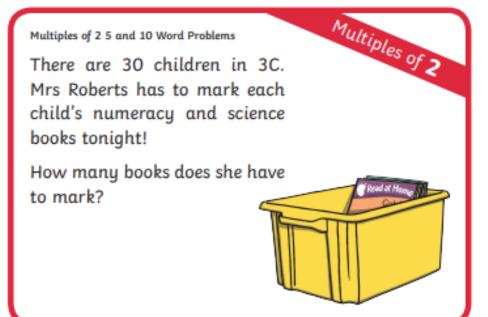


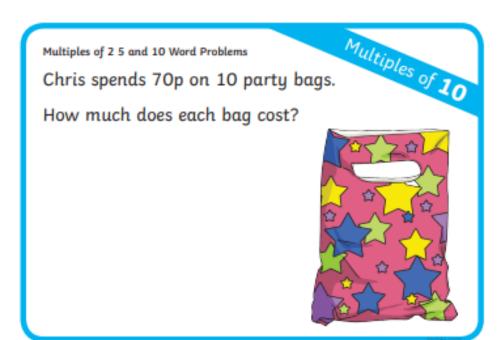












Multiples of 2 5 and 10 Word Problems

In year 2, there are 70 boys in two classes.

How many would be in each year 2 class?

Sharks

There are more than 500 different species of shark, including the great white shark, grey reef shark, hammerhead shark, tiger shark, blue shark, bull shark and make shark. Sharks have five to seven gill slits on the sides of their head.

Where do they live?

Sharks can be found in every ocean in the world. Most sharks don't live in freshwater but some, like the river shark and the bull shark, can live in both freshwater and seawater. Most shark attacks happen in Australia, South Africa, America and Brazil.



Big Facts

- 1. A group of sharks is called a shoal, school or shiver.
- 2. Sharks do not have any bones in their bodies! They have a skeleton of cartilage instead.
- One of the smallest sharks is the dwarf lantern shark, which is usually only around 17cm in length.
- 4. The largest fish in the world is the whale shark, which can measure up to a massive 14 metres long!

What do they eat?

Some types of shark can be deadly, but only about 12 species have ever been involved in human attacks. Humans are actually very harmful to sharks as they illegally hunt them for their meat, organs and skin. This has led to the great white shark becoming an endangered species.

A shark's feeding depends on its species and where it lives. Most sharks are meat eaters so they often like to eat fish and other sharks, and some larger sharks eat dolphins, sea lions and small whales. Smaller sharks eat molluscs, clams, crabs, squid, lobster and other small aquatic life. Sharks have many rows of replacement teeth, which grow on the inside of their jaws and move forward when needed - a bit

What are they good at?

like a conveyor belt!

A shark's sense of smell is so good that they can smell a single drop of blood in the water from 400 metres away. Their hearing is also amazing because they can hear fish moving from around 500 metres away! A baby shark is called a pup. Pups are born already able to take care of themselves. They have to swim away fast as some mothers try to eat their own pups and their own siblings can even attack them! Great white sharks can swim as fast as 18mph!

Amazing Fact!

Most shark species would die if they stopped moving. As long as they keep swimming, water keeps moving over their gills, which keeps them alive.



Comprehension Questions

1.	How many different types of shark are there?
2.	Name six species of shark.
3.	How small is the smallest shark?
4.	Which countries have had the most shark attacks?
5.	Do all species of shark attack humans?
6.	Why have some humans hunted sharks and what has this led to?